

## 1 Električno polje

$$\vec{F}_{12} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} \hat{r}; \quad \vec{F} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \sum_i \frac{q_i q}{r_i^2} \hat{r}_i$$

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{E}$$

$$\vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2} \hat{r}; \quad \vec{E} = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \sum_i \frac{q_i}{r_i^2} \hat{r}_i \rightarrow \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int \frac{dQ}{r^2} \hat{r}$$

$$dQ = \rho dV = \rho_A dA = \rho_l dl$$

$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Qr}{R^3} (r < R); \quad E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{r^2} (r > R) \text{ (izol. krogla)}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{x Q}{(x^2 + R^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \text{ (prstan); } \quad E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{2\rho l}{r} \text{ (nesk. vodnik); } \quad E = \frac{\rho A}{2\epsilon_0} \text{ (plošča)}$$

$$\Psi = \epsilon_0 \oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = Q_{\text{znotraj}}$$

## 2 Električni potencial in napetost

$$\Delta E_p = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s}; \quad U = \Delta V = \int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s}$$

$$E_p = q V; \quad \Delta E_p = q \Delta V$$

$$V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{q}{r}; \quad V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \sum_i \frac{q_i}{r_i} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int \frac{dQ}{r}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{2R} \left( 3 - \frac{r^2}{R^2} \right) (r < R); \quad V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{r} (r > R) \text{ (izol. krogla)}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{(x^2 + R^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \text{ (prstan); } \quad U = \Delta V = \vec{E} \cdot \vec{s} = E d \text{ (homog. polje)}$$

$$Q = C U \quad C = \sum_i C_i \text{ (vzp. vezava); } \quad \frac{1}{C} = \sum_i \frac{1}{C_i} \text{ (zap. vezava)}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d} \text{ (plošč. kond.); } \quad \frac{C}{l} = \frac{2\pi\epsilon_0}{\ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)} \text{ (koaks. kabel)}$$

$$E_p = \frac{1}{2} C U^2; \quad w_E = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2$$

## 3 Električni tok

$$\left[ I = \rho v_d A; \quad I = \vec{J} \cdot \vec{A}; \quad \vec{J} = \sigma \vec{E}; \quad \sigma = \frac{\rho q t'}{m_e} \right]$$

$$U = R I; \quad R = \sum_i R_i \text{ (zap. vezava); } \quad \frac{1}{R} = \sum_i \frac{1}{R_i} \text{ (vzp. vezava)}$$

$$I = \frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t}; \quad R = \frac{\rho l}{A} = \frac{l}{\sigma A}; \quad P = U I$$

$$\sum I_{\text{not}} = \sum I_{\text{ven}}; \quad \sum_{\text{zanka}} U = 0$$

## 4 Magnetno polje

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F} &= q \vec{v} \times \vec{B}; & \vec{F} &= I \vec{l} \times \vec{B}; & \frac{F}{l} &= \frac{\mu_0 I_1 I_2}{2\pi r} \\ r &= \frac{mv}{qB}; & \omega &= \frac{qB}{m} \\ \vec{B} &= \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int \frac{d\vec{s} \times \hat{r}}{r^2} \\ B &= \frac{\mu_0 I r}{2\pi R^2} (r < R); & B &= \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} (r > R) \text{ (nesk. vodnik)} \\ B &= \frac{\mu_0 I R^2}{2(x^2 + R^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \text{ (prstan); } & B &= \frac{\mu_0 N I}{l} \text{ (tuljava); } & \left[ B = \frac{\mu_0 J S}{2} \text{ (plošča)} \right] \\ \Phi &= \oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A} = 0 \\ \oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} &= \mu_0 I_{\text{skozi}} + \mu_0 \frac{d\Psi}{dt}\end{aligned}$$

## 5 Indukcija

$$\begin{aligned}U_S &= \oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = -\frac{d\Phi}{dt} \\ U_S &= -Blv \\ U_S &= -L \frac{dI}{dt}; & L &= \frac{N\Phi}{I}; & U_{S1} &= -L_{12} \frac{dI_2}{dt}; & L_{12} &= \frac{N_2 \Phi_B}{I_1} \\ L &= \mu_0 n^2 V \text{ (tuljava); } & \frac{L}{l} &= \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right) \text{ (koaks. kabel)} \\ E_p &= \frac{1}{2} L I^2; & w_B &= \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0} \\ \frac{U_2}{U_1} &= \frac{N_2}{N_1} \text{ (transformator)}\end{aligned}$$

## 6 Elektromagnetno valovanje

$$\begin{aligned}\left[ \frac{dE}{dx} = -\frac{dB}{dt}; & \frac{dB}{dx} = -\mu_0 \epsilon_0 \frac{dE}{dt} \right] \\ E &= E_0 \cos(kx - \omega t); & B &= B_0 \cos(kx - \omega t) \\ \frac{1}{\mu_0 \epsilon_0} &= c^2; & \frac{E}{B} &= \frac{E_0}{B_0} = c; & c &= \frac{\omega}{k} = \lambda f \\ \vec{S} &= \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}; & \langle S \rangle &= \frac{E_0 B_0}{2\mu_0}; & \langle S \rangle &= \frac{P}{4\pi r^2} \text{ (izotropno)} \\ \langle S \rangle &= c \langle u \rangle; & \langle u \rangle &= u_E + u_B = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E_0^2 = \frac{B_0^2}{2\mu_0}\end{aligned}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8,854 \times 10^{-12} \text{ F/m}, \mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}, c = 2,998 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}, e = 1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ A s}$$

$$\text{J} = \text{N m} = \text{A V s}, \text{T} = \frac{\text{N}}{\text{A m}}, \Omega = \frac{\text{V}}{\text{A}}, \text{F} = \frac{\text{A s}}{\text{V}}, \text{H} = \frac{\text{V s}}{\text{A}}$$

oznaka	enota	slovensko ime veličine	angleško ime veličine
$A$	J	delo	work
$\vec{A}$	m <sup>2</sup>	ploščina	area
$\vec{B}$	T	magnetno polje (gostota pretoka)	magnetic field (flux density)
$c$	m/s	fazna hitrost	phase velocity
$C$	F	kapacitanca	capacitance
$e$	A s	osnovni električni naboj	elementary electric charge
$\vec{E}$	V/m	električno polje (jakost)	electric field (strength)
$E$	J	mehanska energija	mechanical energy
$E_k$	J	kinetična energija	kinetic energy
$E_p$	J	potencialna energija	potential energy
$f$	Hz	frekvenca	frequency
$\vec{F}$	N	sila	force
$I$	A	električni tok	electric current
$\vec{J}$	A/m <sup>2</sup>	gostota električnega toka	electric current density
$\vec{J}_S$	A/m	dolžinska gostota elektr. toka	linear electric current density
$k$	rad/m	valovno kotno število	angular wavenumber
$l$	m	dolžina	length
$L$	H	induktanca	inductance
$N$	1	število ovojev	number of turns
$P$	W	moč	power
$q$	A s	točkast električni naboj	point electric charge
$Q$	A s	električni naboj	electric charge
$\vec{r}$	m	položajni vektor	position vector
$R$	$\Omega$	upor	resistance
$s$	m	dolžina poti	length of path
$\vec{S}$	W/m <sup>2</sup>	Poyntingov vektor	Poynting vector
$t$	s	čas	time
$U$	V	napetost	voltage
$U_S$	V	napetost vira	source voltage
$\vec{v}$	m/s	hitrost	velocity/speed
$V$	V	električni potencial	electric potential
$V$	m <sup>3</sup>	prostornina	volume
$w$	J/m <sup>3</sup>	gostota elektromagnetne energije	electromagnetic energy density
$\epsilon_0$	F/m	električna konstanta	electric constant
$\lambda$	m	valovna dolžina	wavelength
$\mu_0$	H/m	magnetna konstanta	magnetic constant
$\vec{\omega}$	rad/s	kotna hitrost	angular velocity
$\rho$	$\Omega$ m	upornost	resistivity
$\rho$	A s/m <sup>3</sup>	gostota električnega naboja	electric charge density
$\rho_A$	A s/m <sup>2</sup>	površinska gostota elektr. naboja	surface density of electric charge
$\rho_l$	A s/m	dolžinska gostota elektr. naboja	linear density of electric charge
$\sigma$	1/( $\Omega$ m)	prevodnost	conductivity
$\Phi$	T m <sup>2</sup>	magnetni pretok	magnetic flux
$\Psi$	V m	električni pretok	electric flux